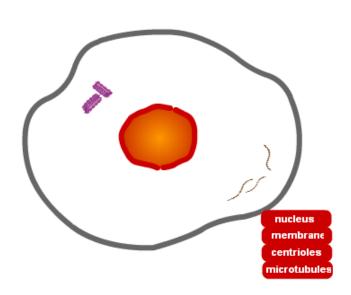
Name:	Date:	Pd:

<u>Objective</u>: In this activity, you will use the following web pages to examine the processes of mitosis and meiosis. Both of these processes are important in human reproduction.

PART A: Cell Growth and Mitosis

Please go to the following webpage:

http://plaza.ufl.edu/alallen/pgl/modules/rio/stingarees/module/index.html



1. Label the diagram to the left using the boxed words found on the bottom right section of the image.

2.	What is the function of the cell membrane in cell division?
3.	What is the role of the nucleus in cell division?
4.	What is the role of the centrioles in cell division?
5.	What is the role of the microtubules in cell division?
Click o	n the tab, "Why Must Cells Divide?"
6.	Why are cells limited in size?
7. 8.	Click on the animation. A cell with 2cm sides has what surface area?What volume?What would be the surface to volume ratio?
9.	A cell with a large volume will have a more difficult time doing what?

Name:	Date:	Pd:

Click on the tab, "What Does Mitosis Do?"

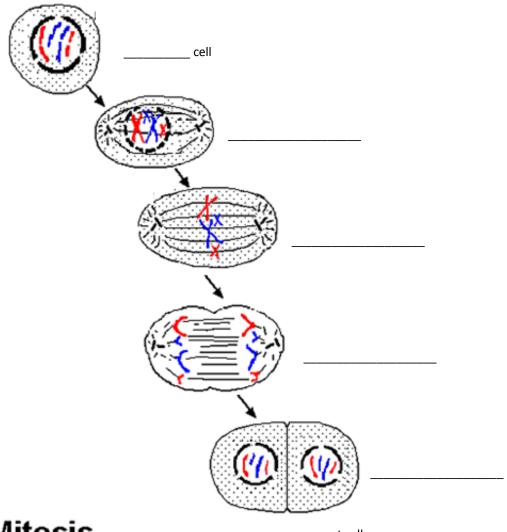
10. What are the 2 major functions of mitosis? _____ and ____

Click on the tab, "Built-in Controls in Mitosis"

- 11. The control that tells cells to stop dividing when in contact with one another is called
- 12. Uncontrolled cell division can result in cancer or ______.

PART B: Mitosis

- 13. Fill in the blanks on the diagram: http://www.accessexcellence.org/RC/VL/GG/mitosis.html
- 14. Use the space next to each label to briefly describe what is happening in each step



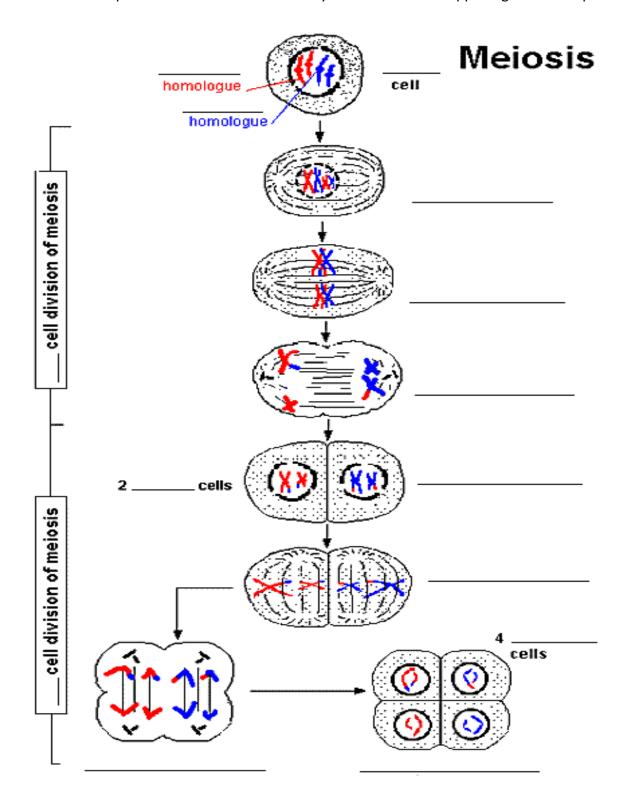
Mitosis

_____ parent cells

Name:_____ Date:_____ Pd:____

PART C: Meiosis

- 15. Fill in the blanks on the diagram: http://www.accessexcellence.org/RC/VL/GG/meiosis.html
- 16. Use the space next to each label to briefly describe what is happening in each step



Name:	Date:	Pd:
osis and Meiosis		

PART D: Comparing and Contrasting the Steps of Mitosis and Meiosis

http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/baby/divide.html#

Click "Launch Interactive"

Click Laurich interactive
Mitosis: Step 1
17. Mitosis results in daughter cells.
18. The genetic information within each of these daughter cells is
Meiosis: Step 1
19. The genetic code for a human is contained in chromosomes.
20. Meiosis results in daughter cells.
21. Each of the daughter cells will have the number of chromosomes.
Mitosis: Step 2
22. During this time chromosomes
Mitosis: Step 3
23. A begins to form from the centrioles.
24. What happens to the membrane of the nucleus?
Mitosis: Step 5
25. Where do the chromosomes line up during metaphase?
Meiosis: Step 5
26. Where do the chromosomes line up during metaphase 1?
Mitosis: Step 7
27. The chromosomes arrive at of the cell and new nuclear membranes
Meiosis: Step 7
28. What happens to the one small cell formed during this stage of meiosis?
Mitosis: Step 8
29. Define cytokinesis
Meiosis: Step 15
30. Each daughter cell has the number of chromosomes as the original cell.
31. There are now daughter cells.

Mitosis and Meiosis Webquest Name:_____ Date:____ Pd:____

Using the site above and your note packet, fill in the following Venn Diagram of the terms listed below.

Terms:

- a. Asexual reproduction
- b. Sexual reproduction
- c. Same Chromosome number
- d. Different Chromosome number
- e. One part to cell division
- f. Two parts to cell division (I and II)
- g. Example: Bacteria reproduction
- h. Example: Human reproduction
- i. Produces sperm or egg cells

- j. Haploid
- k. Diploid
- I. Sex cells
- m. Body cells
- n. cell division
- o. growth
- p. repair

PART E: Comparing and Contrasting Mitosis and Meiosis Venn Diagram

