Mrs. Patterson Life Science

Topic: Cells

Subject Area:
Science 7th

Key Learning: Cells, tissues, organs, and organ systems all have specific structures and functions.

Student Learning Map

Unit: 4

Unit Essential Question: How are cells, tissues, organs, and organ systems structured and what are their functions?



Concept: Cell structure	Concept: Cell functions	Concept: Levels of cellular organization	Concept: Cell processes	Concept: Organ systems	Concept:
State Standard(s):	State Standard(s):	State Standard(s):	State Standard(s):	State Standard(s):	State Standard(s):
S7L2.A	S7L2.A	S7L2.B	S7L2.A	S7L2.C	

Lesson Essential	Lesson Essential	Lesson Essential	Lesson Essential	Lesson Essential
Question: What are the	Question: What are the	Question: How do cells	Question:	Question:
functions of the various	levels of cellular	obtain energy and	What is the purpose of	
cell parts?	organization?	1		
		processes?		
			` ` ' ' '	
Extended Learning:	Extended Learning:	Extended Learning:		Extended Learning:
			, , ,	

			reproductive)	
			Extended Learning:	
	Question: What are the	Question: What are the functions of the various cell parts? Question: What are the levels of cellular organization?	Question: What are the functions of the various cell parts? Question: What are the levels of cellular organization? Question: How do cells obtain energy and material to carry out life processes?	Question: What are the functions of the various cell parts? Question: What are the levels of cellular organization? Question: How do cells obtain energy and material to carry out life processes? Question: What is the purpose of the major organ systems in the human body? (digestive, respiration,



Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:	Vocabulary:
Cell	Specialization	Tissue	Photosynthesis	digestive, respiration,	
Unicellular	Eukaryotic Cell	Organ	Chlorophyll	circulation, excretory,	
Multicellular	Prokaryotic Cell	Organ System	Cellular Respiration	skeletal, muscular,	
Microscope	Organelle	Organism	Fermentation	nervous, lymphatic,	
Bacteria	Cell Wall		Active Transport	endocrine and	
	Cell Membrane		Passive Transport	reproductive	
	Nucleus		Osmosis		
	Chloroplast		Diffusion		
	Cytoplasm				
	Mitochondria				

Example(s) of Assessment Item(s): Which technology was important to the development of the cell theory? A. computer B. scientific model C. microscope D. refrigeration	Example(s) of Assessment Item(s): What structure does a plant cell have that Is not found in an animal cell and that allows a plant cell to capture energy from the Sun?	Example(s) of Assessment Item(s): Complex organisms have four levels of cell organization. List these levels of cell organization from simplest to most complex. Define each of the four levels of cell organization. Provide at least one animal example for each level.	Example(s) of Assessment Item(s): Which process occurs in chloroplast? The movement of material across a cell membrane, requiring energy, is called A. diffusion B. osmosis C. passive transport D. active transport	Example(s) of Assessment Item(s): Which two systems work together to enable you to bend your arm?	Example(s) of Assessment Item(s):
Forms of Assessments: Vocabulary Test Oral questions Additional Information:	Forms of Assessments: Vocabulary Test Oral questions Cell analogies Cell Book Cell Puzzles Additional Information:	Forms of Assessments: Vocabulary Test Oral questions Additional Information:	Forms of Assessments: Vocabulary Test Oral questions Manipulatives Labs Additional Information:	Forms of Assessments: Vocabulary Test Oral questions Human Body Project Additional Information:	Forms of Assessments: Additional Information:

